## **Communicating with People in Crisis**

The purpose is to help to restore the individual to a sense of normalcy or level of functioning equal to or higher than prior to the crisis. Focusing on facts, feelings and the future provides caregivers with a simple road map. The ABC's of crisis intervention is a step by step strategy for effective communication.

**A** = Achieve Contact – Provide for safety and security, restore authority and control.

- 1. Introduce yourself, name, role, purpose.
- 2. Assure for the safety (*emotional* and *physical*) of the individual.
  - 3. Ask individual how s/he would like to be addressed (if not known to caregiver.)
- 4. As appropriate, collect information regarding residency, and health conditions, contacting family members, any support systems or friends.
  - 5. Is he/she taking or needing medication? (Use discernment).
- **6.** Identify the indivdual's feelings, reactions and perceptions.

**B** = Boil Down the Problem – To allow for reactions and interaction (ventilate and be validated by telling story); determine the most pressing problem and to help restore dignity.

- 1. Ask individual to briefly describe what has just happened.
- 2. Encourage the individual to talk about the present; discuss exposure to event; sensory experiences; thoughts and feelings tied to event.
- \_\_\_ 3. Avoid criticism of their actions.
- 4. Ask what the most pressing challenge is.
- 5. Review and clarify what you heard as the *primary and most immediate* concern/reaction.
- 6. Ask if the individual has every experienced a similar situation or crisis in the past.
- **?** 7. How was it handled? Consider how the individual can regain control and authority.
- 8. Review what you heard as the primary concern.
- **9**. Transition to "coping with the problem".

**C** = Cope with the Problem – To help predict and prepare for the future. To accept a "new normal" or "new reality".

- 1. Review what is the *most important* need--the bottom line?
  - 2. Explore what the *individual* feels is the best solution or options.
- 3. Help the individual formulate a plan of action: needed resources, specific actions and timeline.
  - 4. Reaffirm the future and talk in hopeful terms.
- 5. Arrange for a follow-up contact or visit with the individual.

**D** = Determine the Meaning of the Event\* – To assist in offering opportunities for restoration and hope and find meaning in the traumatic event.

- 1. Assist in allowing the individual to accept the reality and to experience the pain of the loss.
- 2. Reassure the individual. Help individual plan for future support and assistance if desired.
- 3. Assist in helping the individual identify the new normal and new reality and understanding or appreciation of beliefs and assumptions about our world.
- 4. Allow questions about faith, God, spiritual issues. Addressing issues of forgiveness, and anger. Determine how the trauma fits into the individual's life.
  - 5. Withdraw emotional energy from the loss and reinvest it in other relationships and other aspects of life.